The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1785. (No. 53.)

Hooe and Harriſon,

Have for Sale at their Store,

OSnaburgs, Ravens duck, brown rolls, Ruſſia duck, Holland's ditto, white-lead, red ditto, Spaniſh brown, red ochre, yellow ditto, white vitriol, verdigreaſe, brimſtone, ſand-glaſſes, ſpy-glaſſes, ſheet-lead, ſheet-copper, German ſteel, loglines, deepſea ditto, houſeline, marline, hamberline, ſail twine, ſeine ditto, ſheet-tin in boxes, ſteel wire, tar, turpentine, Engliſh and Dutch cordage, anchors of different ſizes, mould candles, hyſon, bohea and ſouchong tea, black pepper, ſingle refined and double refined ſugar, candied ditto, gin in caſes, muſkets, butter pots, water pitchers, queen's china, glaſs ware, delf bowls, long and ſhort pipes, violins, looking-glaſſes, hatchets, carpenters' and joiners' tools, ſcythes, bolting-cloths, blankets, flannels, hats, cotton ſtockings, yarn and worſted ditto, diaper napkins, cambricks, lawns, check ſhirts, gauze handkerchiefs, old hock in bottles, &c.

Alexandria, Jan. 26, 1785.

Daniel and Iſaac M'Pherſon,

Have for Sale,

WEST-INDIA and New-England rum, molaſſes, brown ſugar, ſalt, ſail-duck, cordage, brown rolls, dowlas, fine and coarſe mens' and womens' ſhoes by the box or dozen, glaſs ware by the box, paints, gunpowder, ſpades, ſhovels, coarſe and fine hats, black pepper, ſoap and candles by the box, with many other articles of dry-goods and hard-ware, all of which they will ſell on reaſonable terms for Caſh or Country Produce.

Alexandria, Jan. 25, 1785.

All Perſons indebted to the

Copartnerſhip of HARPER and FENNER, which diſſolved the 22d of November laſt, are once more requeſted to make immediate Payment.—Conſtant Attendance is given at the Store by

EDWARD HARPER.

Alexandria. Jan. 26, 1785.

N. B. Thoſe Gentlemen who are indebted for Caſh lent, are moſt particularly requeſted to call and diſcharge the ſame. E. H.

A Perſon of a liberal Profeſſion

is deſirous of trying a benevolent Experiment, by inſtructing an honeſt NEGRO LAD in a Buſineſs that will give him, if ingenious and docile, an accurate Knowledge of the Engliſh Language, and beſides rendering him really a rational Creature, will enable him, in due Time, to earn handſome Wages.—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

TO BE SOLD,

A Stout ſtrong hearty young NEGRO MAN, who is well acquainted with all kinds of country buſineſs, is a good pit ſawyer, has worked in a ſmith's ſhop, and has ſome knowledge of that buſineſs; he is, perhaps, one of the beſt cutters and grubbers in the State, and can hew well with the broad-ax; to any perſon moving to a new ſettlement this fellow would be extremely valuable.—Inquire of EDWARD HARPER.

Alexandria, Jan. 26, 1785.

N. B. His wife is alſo for ſale, who is a healthy ſtrong willing Wench, well acquainted with plantation or houſe work.—Inquire as above.

TO BE SOLD,

On board the Sloop Polly, Capt. Mark Clark, at Col. Lyles's Wharf,

RHode-Iſland cheeſe, cranberries, chairs, potatoes, butter, cyder, oil, hops, ſpruce, and mackerel.

Alexandria, Jan. 25, 1785.

Public Vendue of Lands,

On Tueſday the 22d of February next, will be Sold to the higheſt Bidder, at the Vendue-Store in Alexandria, the three following Tracts of valuable Land, ſituated in Fairfax County, viz.

ONE Tract, lying within four miles and an half of Alexandria, on Holmes's-Run, containing agreeable to ſurvey, 252 acres, 150 of which are woodland and well timbered; the cleared land is under good fence, 25 acres whereof are good meadow and now laid down with Timothy, and as much more may be made at a ſmall expence; this tract is well watered, there being a number of fine ſprings on it, and there are on the premiſes a tolerable dwelling-houſe with a good brick chimney and two rooms on the lower floor, and a ſmall apple orchard.—Another Tract, containing 300 acres, lying on the ſouth-ſide of the the middle Branch of Great-Hunting-Creek, and is likewiſe about four miles and an half from Alexandria; this tract has about 200 acres of woodland, the remainder being cleared is under tolerable fence; there are on the premiſes a good mill-ſeat, where formerly was a mill, 50 or 60 acres of meadow land, and an overſeer's houſe, two barns and an apple and peach orchard.—The other Tract joins the laſt, and contains 75 acres of well timbered woodland.——The terms are, one third in ready money at the time of ſigning the deeds, one third in nine months, and for the remaining third a credit of eighteen months will be given, on bond with good ſecurity.—The plots are now lodged in the hands of the Vendue-Maſter, and may be ſeen at any time before the ſale on application to him, and the land will be ſhewn by applying to the Subſcriber, who lives near Alexandria. BALDWIN DADE.

January 24, 1785.

For Sale,

A Valuable TRACT *of* LAND, *lying in Prince-William County, Virginia, about two miles from Dumfries, eight from Colcheſter, and twenty-four from Alexandria, containing* 2150 *acres; this land is well adapted to farming and planting, is very well timbered, and has the advantage of a large never failing ſtream running through it, upon which may be got one or more good mill ſeats.*

Alſo, another valuable Tract of Land, containing upwards of 800 *acres, lying in Waſhington County, Maryland, about one mile from the river Potomack, eight from Hagar's-Town, and twenty-ſix from Frederick-Town: This tract is altogether of the rich limeſtone lands in Connicocheague valley, and is generally acknowledged to be equal in ſoil to and produces as highly as any land in the county; it is alſo well timbered.—Both or either of the above tracts will be laid off in parcels, or ſold otherwiſe, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, who ſhall have good titles.—A very ſmall part of the purchaſe-money, not exceeding one-ſixth, will be expected in a ſhort time after the ſale, and the remainder in three equal payments, at the different periods of two, three and four years from the date of it.—For terms of the Virginia tract, apply to Col.* BAILEY WASHINGTON, *of Staffford County, and of the other to Col.* RICHARD DAVIS, *who lives near the premiſes, or to the Subſcriber, who owns the lands.*

PEREGRINE FITZHUGH.

Jan. 3, 1785.

☞ *If the above lands ſhould not be diſpoſed of by private ſale before the* 20th *of February, the Maryland tract will then be ſold at public auction, and the Virginia tract upon the firſt of March. P. F.*

THE Subſcriber has on Hand a Quantity of Medicines, among which are Glauber's and Epſom's Salts, Peruvian Bark, Jalap, Rhubarb, Emetic Tartar, Magneſia, &c. which he will ſell on reaſonable Terms.

CHARLES WORTHINGTON.

George-Town, Jan. 15, 1785.

For Sale, for Caſh or Country Produce,

A Few Pipes of choice Madera Wine
Jamaica Rum fit for preſent Uſe, of high Proof and excellent Flavour.
Claret in ſmall Boxes of 2½ and 3 Dozen each.
A few Kegs of Scotch Barley and Herrings.

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

Alexandria, Jan. 18, 1785.

To be Sold at Public Vendue on the Premiſes, on Tueſday the 3d Day of April next,

A Valuable PLANTATION, lying within ſix miles of Alexandria, containing 200 acres, whereon is a good dwelling-houſe, with two rooms on a floor, and a good brick chimney; a good kitchen, meat-houſe, corn-houſe, with a room below, ſtable, and other out-houſes, a ſpring of good water within 100 yards of the door, a good apple and peach orchard, and a young orchard; about 8 acres of meadow cleared and well laid down in Timothy, and a quantity more may be made.—The land produces good Indian-corn, tobacco, and ſmall grain, and all under very good fence; there are 35 buſhels of wheat ſown on the land in one body, and looks as well as any in the county.——One-third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, one-third in twelve months after, and the other third at the expiration of twelve months more, on giving bond with approved ſecurity for the two payments, and may be entered upon immediately after the day of ſale.—On the ſame day will alſo be ſold for ready-money, horſes, cows, hogs, corn, fodder, hay, farming utenſils, and houſehold and kitchen furniture.

On Thurſday the 5th of April next, will be ſold in Alexandria, a Lot of Ground on Queen-ſtreet, containing 61 feet front and 122 feet back, whereon is a good two-ſtory brick-houſe, with four fireplaces on a floor and two in the cellar, a good ſtore-room, and rents at 100 l. per year; there is an addition to it with two rooms above and a cellar below, that rents at 30 l. per year, and a good ſpring of water on the Lot.—Alſo, a Lot on the ſame ſtreet, 30 feet front and 122 feet back, whereon is a good houſe not finiſhed, with a good cellar below, with a fireplace.—Alſo, another Lot on the ſame ſtreet, being a corner Lot, containing 30 feet front and running 122 feet on Pitt-ſtreet, whereon is a log-houſe with a brick chimney.—Alſo, a Lot on Pitt-ſtreet, 61 feet front and 123 feet back, whereon is a good tan-yard and mill-houſe.—The terms of ſale for the Lots will be the ſame as for the above Plantation.—Good deeds will be made for the Plantation and Lots by

Jan. 26, 1785. SAMUEL M'LEAN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the next General Aſſembly, relative to draining the marſh adjoining this town, and to condemn certain lands, the property of Charles Alexander, Eſq; for the uſe of public buildings and other purpoſes.

Alexandria, January 25, 1785.

Found,

By Cab, a Slave belonging to Mr. Richard Arell,

A BOLT of OSNABURGS, marked 147, 222.

thus 222.——The Owner may have it again by applying to SAMUEL ARELL.

Dec. 3, 1784.

TO BE SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

A Variety of Writing-Paper, Dutch Quills, Paper Hangings, Blank Books, gilt and common Letter Paper, Sealing-Wax, Wafers, Inkpowder, Pounce, Ink-Stands, Black Lead Pencils, Common Prayer Books, from Two to Ten Shillings; Boſton's Fourfold State, Ruſſel's Sermons, Pſalters, &c. &c. &c.

By the Brig May, Capt. Haskell, which arrived here last Friday from London, we have the following Advices, viz.

H A G U E, *Oct.* 24.

HIS Excellency M. de Reifchach, Envoy Extraordinary from his Imperial Majefty, has, we are aſſured, had no conference with the members of government ſince the affair of the ſhip in the Scheldt; and he will demand none previous to the return of the courier from the Emperor. In the mean time we learn, that the troops belonging to the State are in motion. The garriſon of Bois-le-duc has marched, and two companies of cavalry from Hoorne, and two from Enkhuyſen, are now at Breda. The garriſon of Rotterdam departs for the ſame place; the regiment of Baden-Dourlach will be relieved as ſoon as the Burgeſſes of Arnheim, where the regiment is in garriſon, ſhall require them to depart.

Wedneſday laſt the States of Holland had a conference on the ſubject of the diſagreement prevailing between the States-General and the Magiſtracy of Amſterdam; and it is expected that next Wedneſday this affair will be brought to a final iſſue.

At the requeſt of their High Mightineſſes, his Highneſs the Prince of Orange has ordered Vice-Admiral Reynſt to diſpatch ſome ſhips of war to convey the merchant ſhips during the winter, from the Baltic and Archangel. A frigate and cutter are ordered out to bring the ſhips expected here.

The Prince Stadtholder departs immediately for Breda, and other cities on the frontiers, to inſpect the preparations making there for the defence of the State. Major-General Dumoulin, who is moſt excellently ſkilled in tactics and engineering, departed on the 16th of this month for Ecluſe, in Flanders. No man better knows the nature of the country, and the manner of defending it.

L O N D O N, *October* 30.

By the mails of yeſterday, there is reaſon to think, that the French do not mean to aſſiſt the Dutch in their conteſt with the Emperor. The following article from the Hague, ſeems to confirm this:—The diſpatches which the courier who arrived at the Hague from Paris, on the 19th, brought to their High Mightineſſes, are not made public; but we are aſſured, they contain matters of the greateſt conſequence, as an immediate anſwer was returned by the ſame courier. Although there is little dependence to be had on the different reports, yet it is generally underſtood, that the French Miniſter expreſſes his diſapprobation at matters having been carried to ſuch extremity as rendered it difficult to have recourſe to terms of negociation, while the Emperor conſidered himſelf as the injured party; as the treaty of 1756, and the promiſed aſſiſtance of 25,000 men to Auſtria, when it ſhall be attacked, place France in a very embarraſſing ſituation. Another account bears the ſame intelligence, but ſpeaks rather in ſtronger terms.

Extract of a genuine letter from Bruſſels, Oct. 21.

"It is currently reported here, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has refuſed the Imperial troops the liberty of marching through any part of his dominions in their route to the Low Contries. If this be true, a bloody Continental war will be the immediate conſequence, as the Emperor has declared he will not recede from any of his juſt demands, the opening of the Scheldt, and the poſſeſſion of Maeſtricht, being only a part of them; ſo that if he ſhould be aſſiſted by any naval power, the Republic of Holland has every thing to dread. I am this moment informed that the agent from Zealand, who has reſided here for ſome time paſt, to effect a mediation, is on the eve of his departure."

Extract of a genuine letter from Antwerp, Oct. 20.

"'Till within theſe five or ſix days paſt, we were in expectation of ſeeing the Scheldt opened; but at preſent that deſired event appears at a much greater diſtance. On Saturday laſt, the Prince de Ligne (a General in the Imperial ſervice) arrived here; to whom the Burgo-maſter immediately ſurrendered his authority, by delivering up the keys of the town, with great formality. We are now entirely under military government, having upwards of 6000 troops ſtationed within the city, and two regiments of dragoons quartered in an adjacent hamlet to watch the motions of the Dutch, who have a large army at Bergen-op-Zoom, which is within four hours march of this city. The pavement on the Key, or Quay, is entirely taken up, and the engineers work day and night in raiſing batteries, which are now nearly completed. Forges are erected near the platforms, on which the guns (48-pounders) are planted, for the purpoſe of firing red hot balls into the Dutch men of war, ſhould they venture up the Scheldt to attack the city. The ſhip which was taken at the mouth of the Scheldt by the Dutch, has been offered to be reſtored, the Captain having been liberated after twenty-four hours impriſonment; but this is refuſed; and we hear the Emperor has greatly increaſed his demands ſince the capture of the veſſel, and the indignity thereby offered to the Imperial flag. Expreſſes between Bruſſels and the Hague, paſs here all hours of the day and night, the gate leading to the former being left open for that purpoſe, under a Captain's guard. Notwithſtanding all this, it is the opinion of thoſe who pretend to be in the ſecret, that the Scheldt will be opened after a little bluſtering, and Antwerp declared a free port. For unleſs the King of Pruſſia joins the Dutch, the threatenings of their High Mightineſſes muſt end *in fumo.*"

Extract of a letter from Kilkenny, Oct. 20.

"It was yeſterday reported, that on Monday laſt a party of the 20th foot, quartered at Caſhel, were called on to aſſiſt in taking poſſeſſion of ſome lands near that city, which had been forcibly withheld from the lawful owner; and that on their arrival at the deſtined ſpot, they found a large party prepared to reſiſt them, having fortified and entrenched themſelves, and being well provided with arms, ammunition, and ſome ſwivels; on which a deſperate engagement took place, in which five of the ſoldiers were killed and eleven wounded, when they were obliged to retreat without effecting their purpoſe. It is not known how many were killed and wounded on the oppoſite ſide."

Nov. 1. By advices received from Flanders, it appears, that every thing in that quarter bears an hoſtile appearance;—and almoſt to a certainty, indicates the reſolution of the Emperor to vindicate the honor of his inſulted flag; to which he is more particularly rouzed from the indignity offered to the latter ſhip, in which Mr. Le Roi, an eminent engineer, was deputed by the ſpirited Joſeph, merely to receive the inſult. In conſequence of the capture, his Imperial Majeſty has reenforced the garriſon of Antwerp, and erected batteries to guard the Scheldt; his Highneſs Prince Charles of Ligne arrived with his regiment the 18th inſt. ſo that the number of ſoldiers amounts to upwards of 6000. Beſides theſe, there are 5000 men employed to watch the motions of the Dutch at Maeſtricht. All the frontier towns are filling with ſoldiers, who as they paſs by declare, *We are going to fight the Dutch.* On the other ſide, we find the Stadtholder has viſited the frontiers of Holland, and has iſſued orders for all the troops in the ſervice of the Republic to march and guard thoſe places that from their ſituation, or weakneſs, are moſt likely to attract the Emperor's attention.

Couriers paſs daily and nightly through Antwerp, from the Emperor to his miniſter at the Hague.

A puff Miniſterial.——"The additional ſhips which the Eaſt India Company are going to take up to ſend to China, will employ 2000 additional ſeamen."—Now, it is as well known, that the crew of an Indiaman is under 100, as it is that the Company will not ſend above three extra ſhips to India: But ſomething muſt be ſaid as a palliative for the impoſition of the commutation tax!

The India Company behaved very kindly to Mr. Pitt, when he was out of office. Now, therefore, that he is come into power, it is but grateful in him to do them all the ſervice he is able. You, ſays Mr. Pitt, gained me my place, and I'll put ſomething handſome into your pockets in return. Thus ſtands the account at preſent: Mr. Pitt has all their ſupport, and they, in return, have a tea bill, which will certainly moſt amply reward them.——It may be ſaid, to be ſure, that it is the public who pay for the obligation which Mr. Pitt has received; but then, when we conſider the various and ſingular advantages we have derived from his wonderful Adminiſtration, we ought not to murmur though every article ſhould be double taxed to ſupport him.

One of the firſt applications the Miniſter makes to Parliament will be for a million of money to make up the deficiencies of taxes, more than one hundred thouſand pounds of which ſum will ariſe from the taxes laid upon the ſubject this year; beſides this, two millions muſt be borrowed to diſcharge a debt of that amount due to the Bank, and freſh taxes laid to provide for above nine millions of unfunded debt that ſtill remains behind.

This nation will probably, in caſe of a war, be brought to a proper ſtate of repentance for the laſt change in Adminiſtration: It is certain that the Dutch will be able to bring thirty ſail of the line to ſea, and if they ſhould think proper to look once more into the Medway, the queſtion is, what force have we to oppoſe them?

From the complexion of the Dutch prints received by Friday's mail, it appears, that the Court of France is by no means zealouſly diſpoſed to eſpouſe the cauſe of the Republic in oppoſition to the Emperor: And ſhould ſhe withhold the aſſiſtance ſhe is ſolicited to afford, the Hollanders will have a very unequal conteſt to maintain, although the King of Pruſſia ſhould take an active and ſpirited part in defence of his relation the Prince of Orange. According to a treaty ſubſiſting between the Houſe of Auſtria and France, the latter is bound to ſupply the former with twenty-five thouſand men, in caſe the Emperor ſhould be attacked by a foreign power; and therefore it follows as a neceſſary conſequence, that, ſince the Dutch were the authors of the firſt act of aggreſſion, France cannot declare herſelf on the ſide of the Republic without an abſolute and direct breach of treaty.

Letters from Baltimore, in Maryland, dated Sept. 16, ſay, that a numerous body of the inhabitants of North-Carolina had ſent ſpirited remonſtrances to Congreſs, reſpecting the late impoſts; that the people of Maryland were in general greatly diſcontented with the new government, and had advertiſed a general meeting of the principal planters to ſeek proper means of redreſſing their grievances.

A gentleman who left Calais on Tueſday laſt, ſays, juſt as they ſailed a ſhip from Philadelphia for ——, was loſt on the coaſt of France. She was loaded with tobacco.

Letters were received on Saturday from the Continent, which mention, that the Dutch are fitting out a fleet at the Texel, which conſiſts of the Orange, of 50 guns, Zaal Bloom, 44; Jaſon, 36; Hoorne, 24; and Phœniſſe cutter. Commodore Jan Braicke is to have the command, and he is ordered to proceed to ſea as faſt as poſſible, before the winter ſets in, which might block up the ports, and prevent his getting out.

They write from Elbinge, that the Dutch Captains of ſhips in that harbour, have lately taken out burgeſſoiſe (which is a ſort of certificate) which entitles them to uſe the Pruſſian flag, and to navigate under it. This practice ſeems to become general, and is the ſureſt indication of a war.

The trade of the Dutch will be liable to great interruption, from the number of privateers that are ready, in caſe of a war, to ſail from Oſtend. The laſt letters from thence ſay, that above forty veſſels of that deſcription (great and ſmall) are now lying in that harbour, and can proceed to ſea at a very ſhort notice.

Since Tueſday laſt forty-four ſhips from the Weſt-Indies, Virginia, Philadelphia, Hudſon's Bay, and the Baltic, have arrived in the river.

Nov. 4. This morning, about one o'clock, an expreſs arrived at the Marquis of Carmarthen's office, with diſpatches from Lord Viſcount Torrington, his Majeſty's Miniſter Plenipotentiary at the Court of Bruſſels, containing the important intelligence, that letters of recal had been ſent to the Imperial Miniſter at the Hague. All the troops in Auſtrian Flanders were in motion; and every warlike preparation was making with the utmoſt expedition.

H A R T F O R D, January 11.

The Governor of the Bahama iſlands, on the 26th of November laſt, iſſued a proclamation, permitting Indian corn to be imported into the ſaid iſlands, in American veſſels, until further orders; to which he was induced from the quantity then there being inadequate to the ſubſiſtence of the great number of Negroes and poor therein, and from the failure of internal ſupplies by a continued drought.

They write from Quebec, that on the 26th of November laſt, they had a moſt ſevere ſtorm. The wind blew from north eaſt and forced the ſea on ſhore with ſuch violence, as to deſtroy many wharves in ſuch a manner, that the ſtores which were built on them fell, and were entirely deſtroyed. Several crafts were ruined, and great damage done to the larger ſhipping.

N E W-Y O R K, January 17.

Extract of a letter from Boſton, dated January 2, 1785, to a gentleman in this city.

"You have no doubt ſeen in the newſpapers, an account of the misfortune which happened to the French veſſel the Poſtilion, bound from the Cape to Marſeilles, on board of which was the Comte and Comteſſe de Broglio, with a conſiderable ſum in dollars, belonging to that officer.

"I am confident the following detail will be pleaſing to you, as well as to thoſe who delight in actions of generoſity and humanity;—as ſoon as the French veſſel had ſtruck upon ſome reefs near the Bahamas, they hoiſted out a ſignal of diſtreſs; the Active, Capt. Burkett, (a ſmall ſloop from Providence, Rhode-Iſland State, belonging to Meſſieurs Clark and Nightingale) which fortunately was in ſight, hove too, notwithſtanding the wind and ſea were very high, and waited until the crew and paſſengers were all ſafe on board. Captain Burkett, unaſked, ceded his cabin to the Comte, and Comteſſe, and in 25 days brought them all ſafe to Providence, where they received from the inhabitants every mark of hoſpitality and kindneſs. Captain Burkett abſolutely refuſed receiving any compenſation or reward for what he had done, and for the ſtores which had been conſumed, as well as for ſix boxes of oranges part of the cargo. Some days after the Comte and Comteſſe, came here (Boſton) where every one has ſince endeavoured to ſhew them the moſt affectionate and tender humanity, Mr. Hayes, the broker, who produced them here the ſum they had left at Providence, refuſed to accept the ſmalleſt commiſſion. In my quality of ——, I have thought myſelf in duty bound, as well as the French Captain, to thank Meſſieurs Clark

and Nightingale, and the generous Burkett.—The following is part of the anſwer I have received from theſe gentlemen.

"SIR, *Providence, Dec.* 16, 1784.

"THE conduct of our Captain in the relief afforded the paſſengers and crew of the French ſhip the Poſtilion, being conſiſtent with the dictates of humanity, and perfectly agreeable to the deſire we have of rendering every ſervice in our power to any of your polite and hoſpitable nation, we highly approve Captain Burkett's conduct in every reſpect; we thank your Captain for his grateful acknowledgments, and are much flattered by your friendly and generous attention.

Your's, &c."

PHILADELPHIA, January 19.

At a meeting of the Merchants of this city, on Friday evening the 14th inſtant, at the city tavern, the following Gentlemen were choſen a ſtanding commercial committee for the enſuing year.——John Neſbit, Charles Petit, Thomas Fitzſimons, Samuel Howell, John Nixon, Iſaac Hazlehurſt, John Roſs, Mordecai Lewis, Clement Biddle, George Clymer, John Wilcox, Tench Coxe, Richard Wells.

Private letters by the Britiſh Packet, arrived at New-York, mention, that the Emperor's troops have taken Fort-Lillo, a Dutch fort ſituated on the Flanders ſide of the Scheldt; and that the forces of the republic had taken a fort belonging to the Emperor.—That the Empreſs of Ruſſia had entered into an alliance with the Emperor,—that France and Pruſſia were to join the United Netherlands, and that by the diſpoſition of the ſeveral belligerent powers, the war was like to prove very ſerious.

His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's packet la Courier de l'Amerique, Chevalier Aboville, is arrived at Sandy-Hook, in forty-nine days from Port l'Orient.—We hope in a day or two to be able to give more particular accounts of the affairs now taking place in Europe.

JANUARY 22.

Extract of a letter from Altena (Germany) dated November 5, 1784.

"A courier came hither laſt Sunday from Vienna, with the news that war is declared by the Emperor againſt Holland."

Extract of a letter from Briſtol, October 20.

"A ſociety of gentlemen in and about London and Weſtminſter have thoughts of opening a ſubſcription for the purpoſe of erecting a college in the Bermuda iſlands, nearly upon the plan Biſhop Berkely projected above ſixty years ago, and to be ſupplied with ſome of the ableſt profeſſors this country can afford. Both Oxford and Cambridge are become ſuch ſinks of vice and profligacy, that a lad runs the riſk of being ruined in either of them, in his morals at leaſt, for the ſake of a little ſmattering of what cuſtom ſtiles a liberal education. On the contrary, the ſituation and virtuous ſociety ſo remarkable in theſe iſlands, is every way favorable to education, manners and morality. In point of health and temperature of air they are exceeded by no ſpot on the globe. Could the tender mothers be once perſuaded to part with their ſons three, four, or five years, in compliance with this plan, we ſhould probably ſee them return very different characters from what our univerſities now, annually preſent us with.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated Jan. 13.

"The Honorable the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, met agreeable to their appointment, on the 11th inſt. in the Senate-chamber, in the City-Hall: Six States are already repreſented, and the other members are daily expected, to complete the Houſe, when they will proceed to buſineſs."

Letters from New-Hampſhire mention, that a very large coal mine, many miles in extent, has been lately diſcovered at the extremity of Gaſpee-Bay, in the north-eaſtern parts of Nova-Scotia, and exceedingly convenient to water exportation. Timber for fencing, building, &c. has become ſo ſcarce in many parts of theſe States that it were to be wiſhed an importation of coals could be effected into our capital towns. Thus ſhould we ſave our foreſts for more valuable uſes than mere firing, and employ thouſands of induſtrious people in a briſk trade, which would be no way prejudicial to our political intereſts.

ALEXANDRIA, February 3.

Copy of a Letter from a Gentleman in Spain to his Friend in this Town, dated October 28, 1784.

"SIR,

"My laſt to you was dated the 1ſt Inſtant, by Captain ——, who was detained by contrary Winds, and did not get to Sea until the 10th—I am ſorry to inform you he was the following Day captured by the Moors and carried into Tangiers. I have a Letter from him of the 19th, wherein he ſeems to think there is ſome Proſpect of the Veſſel's being releaſed; but that nothing could be determined until Orders arrived from the Emperor, which would require ſome time. For my own Part, I have my Apprehenſions, and think that the ſmall Value of the Prize is the only Circumſtance in Favor of her being reſtored. However, I have recommended Capt. —— to a Friend at Tangiers; and I have in a particular Manner requeſted our Miniſter at Madrid, to exert his Influence in his Behalf; and I ſhall do every thing in my Power to ſave the poor People at leaſt from Slavery. After the pacific Declarations of this perfidious African, I confeſs that this unfortunate Event was as unexpected as chagrining; and, till ſome Arrangement, too long neglected, takes Place with him on Behalf of Congreſs, it is needleſs to warn you againſt ſending any Veſſels into theſe Seas under American Colours. I now hear he has five large Cruiſers out and getting more ready. Although the Veſſel was luckily covered, it will be impoſſible to effect any further Inſurance on your Flag, except at high Premiums. You muſt in Future make Uſe of Veſſels with Paſſes for any of the Southern Parts of Europe."

A late London Paper ſays, "That Mr. Orde's Opinion of the perilous Situation of Ireland, through the Medium of Mr. Dundas, has occaſioned Perplexities, that have induced this *Political Phaeton* to call up the brighteſt of his adviſing Friends for Aſſiſtance."

The Brig Fitzhugh, Capt. ——, from London, is arrived in thisRiver, after a long Paſſage.

The Peggy, Capt. Nixon, from this Port, is arrived at Dover.

The Tyger, Capt. Harriſon, alſo from this Port, is arrived at London.

DIED.] Capt. JAMES PARSONS, much eſteemed and deſervedly lamented.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Betſy, J. Ingraham, and Brig Zephyr, B. Lee, from Boſton; Brig May, W. Haſkell, London.

Cleared Outwards, Brig Commerce, J. Hill, for Liſbon.

☞ The VIRGINIA JOURNAL and ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER, has now completed its Firſt Volume, the Editor therefore takes this Opportunity of returning his ſincere and grateful Thanks to his Friends and Cuſtomers, for the Patronage and Encouragement they have given to his Deſign.

It is with the higheſt Pleaſure, he reflects on the many Inſtances of their Kindneſs, and Indulgence, in the conducting of his Paper; but as he has alſo experienced their great Politeneſs to him, as a Citizen, he thinks himſelf bound by every Tie to make the utmoſt Exertions in his Power, for the future Emolument and Inſtruction of his Subſcribers.

He is now determined to perſevere in the Publication of his Paper, agreeable to the Plan and Sentiments he has already laid before the Public—happy to merit their Approbation, and to be thought worthy of their Attention.

The conſtant and great Expence attending the Printing Buſineſs, lays the Editor under the Neceſſity of informing his Friends and Cuſtomers, that he ſhall be much obliged to them for the punctual Payment of what may be due on the Subſcription for his Paper laſt Year; and alſo that they would pay one Half of the Subſcription for the enſuing Year, as it will comfortably enable the Editor to proceed in his Work, to their great Advantage and Emolument.

GEORGE RICHARDS.

Alexandria, January 27, 1785.

ANECDOTE.

Alcibiades being blamed by all his friends for cutting the tail of his dog that was remarked by every one for his beauty, told them he did it that the Athenians might amuſe themſelves by blaming him for that, and ſo he might eſcape a worſe cenſure; which was no bad policy, as when people envy or find fault with ſmall matters, they often paſs over greater.

PRICES CURRENT, ALEXANDRIA.

TOBACCO 28s. per Ct.	Continental Rum, 2/2, to 2/4 per Ditto.
Fine Flour, 30s. per Barrel.	Molaſſes, 1/6 per Ditto.
Wheat, 6s. per Buſhel.	Muſcovado Sugar, 38s. to 47s. per Ct.
Jamaica Spirits, 4/6 per Gallon.	Salt, 6s. per Buſhel, by Retail.
Windward Rum, 3s. per Ditto.	Exchange, 36.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

To be Sold at the Vendue-Store, on Saturday next the 5th Inſtant, the following Goods, viz.

BRoadcloths, coarſe ditto, kerſeys, baizes, corduroys, fuſtians, dowlas, Iriſh linens, gauzes, muſlins, printed linens, calicoes, ſilk and linen kandkerchiefs, oſnaburgs, ſhoes, hats, ſtockings, glaſs, Liverpool china, ſoap and pipes in boxes, ladys' and gentlemens', gloves, loaf ſugar, rum, Liverpool bottled beer in hogſheads, and many other articles.

☞ At private ſale, a valuable healthy Young Negro Fellow.

C. COPPER, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, Feb. 2, 1785.

Francis Fabrit,

Lately from France,

PROpoſes opening a DANCING-SCHOOL at Mr. Reeder's Tavern, where regular attendance will be given every Friday and Saturday, and where the Engliſh and French modes of Dancing will be taught. Private tuition will be given to any Gentlemen and Ladies deſiring the ſame, on any other day but that of public teaching.—The terms may be known by applying to the Subſcriber at Mr. Reeder's.

☞ He propoſes beginning his School on Friday at 9 o'clock, *A. M.*

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1785.

The Brig MAY, Captain

HASKELL, from LONDON, which arrived here on Friday laſt, has a Number of Goods on board for different Gentlemen on this River.—The Captain requeſts they may be immediately ſent for as his Stay here will be but ſhort.

Alexandria, Feb. 2, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcribers ſome time in May laſt, a bay MARE, about fourteen hands and an half high, ſix years old, marked G R, though not eaſily diſcerned, has a number of grey hairs round the root of her tail, and is a natural trotter.—A bay horſe COLT, one year old, was loſt at the ſame time, and is ſuppoſed to have been taken off with her.——Whoever delivers the ſaid Mare and Colt to the Subſcribers, ſhall receive the above reward, or Ten Dollars for either.

RICHARD ARELL,
GEORGE MASON.

Alexandria, Jan. 28, 1785.

Whereas the Copartnerſhip of CALLENDER, LEWIS and COMPANY, is diſſolved, it is requeſted that all Perſons who are indebted to the Rope-Walk, or have any Demands againſt it, will bring in their Accounts for Settlement.

☞ The Subſcriber begs Leave to inform his Friends and Cuſtomers, that he intends carrying on the Ropemaking Buſineſs in all its Branches.—Any Orders for Cordage or white Rope will be particularly attended to.—As he ſuperintends this Buſineſs himſelf, he makes no Doubt of giving Satisfaction to thoſe who will favor him with their Cuſtom.

ELEAZER CALLENDER.

Fredericksburg, Jan. 26, 1785.

Williams, Cary, And Company,

Have the Pleaſure to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have juſt received by the May, Capt. Haſkell from London, a neat, general and elegant Aſſortment of all Kinds of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, amongſt which are,

LADYS' bell hoops, pads, fancy coloured oſtrich feathers, barometers, microſcopes, perſpective glaſſes, printed linens, calicoes, cambricks, lawns, muſlins, ladys' Morocco, ſtuff and leather ſhoes, mens' ſhoes, muſtard in bottles, hair powder, ſtarch and blue, threads, tapes, pins, needles, all kinds of Hardware, among which are the neweſt faſhioned plated buckles, caſtings, nets, twine, ladys' and gentlemens' gloves, a variety of fans, ladys' work baſkets, ſtuff and ſilk petticoats, copper tea-kettles, iron pots, all kinds of worſted and yarn hoſe, tablecloths, napkins, ſmoothing-irons, copper ſcales and weights, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend to diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms, by wholeſale only.

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1785.

STRAYED or ſtolen from Mr. Michael Gretter's door, on Thurſday the 27th ult. a black MARE, about fourteen hands high (with a ſaddle and bridle) marked by a pack-ſaddle along the back with white ſpots, ſuckled a foal, and ſhod all round.——Whoever will ſecure ſaid Mare, if found within ten miles of this town, ſhall receive Four Dollars Reward, from Mrs. GRETTER, and if ſtolen, Six Dollars for her and the thief, paid by the Subſcriber, living in Fairfax County, within three miles of the old Court-Houſe,

WILLIAM SWINK.

Feb. 3, 1785.

Juſt received, and to be Sold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at the Printing-Office,

A great Variety of elegant Paper-Hangings.

Feb. 3, 1785.

POETRY.

BRIBERY.

POOR man once a Judge beſought
To judge aright his cauſe,
a pot of oil ſalutes
dger of the laws.
d, quoth he, thy cauſe is good;
nd, away did trudge:
wealthy foe did come
this partial Judge.
ell fed, this churl preſents,
aves a ſtrain of law;
eceiv'd, the poor man's right
dg'd not worth a ſtraw.
he cry'd, O! partial Judge,
om has me undone;
I gave, my cauſe was good,
w to ruin run.
quoth he, I thee forgot,
thy cauſe of foil;
e ſince into my houſe,
oke thy pot of oil."

, Virginia, Prince-William County,
, 1785.
the 4th of April next, if fair, if not
ir Day, will be offered for Sale, at Mr.
M'Daniel's Tavern, in the Town of

4000 acres of LAND, being part of
oted tract of land, called and well
e name of the Brenton-Tract; it lies
es from Dumfries, 30 or 35 from Alex-
8 from Frederickſburg.—At Dumfries
avigation, there is always a good and
for every kind of country produce,
laſt mentioned towns are the moſt
on the two rivers of Potomack and
k.—This land produces very good
eat, corn, &c. is particularly well
ming, being very level, can always
with little expence, and is remarked
or excellence in producing wheat;
ſome land which may be converted
dow land, and 12 or 14 good merchant
30 miles, three of them as nigh as 8
obacco made on the land is eſteemed
ſt carried to Dumfries, the beſt in-
tomack.—The land will be laid off in
300 acres.—Three years credit will be
ed the intereſt is regularly and punc-
Bond carrying intereſt from the day
approved and ſufficient ſecurity, will
—The land will be ſhewn by the ſub-
on the premiſes.—Several blooded
old at the ſame time.

DANIEL CARROLL BRENT.

---

han Swift and Co.

le, at their Store on Capt. Harper's
eneral Aſſortment of European Goods,
he Seaſon, which they will ſell by the
Piece at a very moderate Advance, viz.
erſeys, plains, frizes, baizes, flannels,
hs of all colours and prices, corduroys,
elvets, velverets, farrandines, crapes,
bleteens, linens, dowlas, oſnaburgs,
uxes, millenary, ladies' calamanco
es, miſſes Morocco ditto of different
ens' ſhoes and boots, beaver, caſtor
canvas, cordage, porter in hampers, an
hardware, fowling-pieces, 10d. and
rant looking-glaſſes, cut glaſs, and a
queen's ware for ſterling coſt and

rms are for ready-money, for which
and an half per cent.—They will
price, in caſh or goods, for good To-

Jan. 10, 1785.

---

abeth Hannah,

he Public, that ſhe has lately remov-
e commodious houſe of Mr. Andrew
e bank-head, being a pleaſant healthy
e ſhe propoſes continuing her ſchool,
if timely applied to, ten young ladies
Her terms for boarding and tuition are
per annum.
Jan. 17, 1785.

LAMPBLACK to be Sold at the

M'Crea *and* Meaſe,

Have juſt arrived an Aſſortment of GOODS, which they propoſe ſelling on the moſt reaſonable Terms; amongſt them are

CLoths, ſhalloons, calamancoes, durants, cambblets, poplins, German ſerges, dorſetteens, kings' and queens' cords, dimities, drawboys, ſatinets, denims, checks, ſtriped hollands, bedbunts, meſſinets, ſilverets, taffetas, nonſopretties, tapes, glaſsware, window glaſs, clear and ſpotted lawns, ſtriped and figured ditto, ditto handkerchiefs, fine ſouſlee and needle-work'd aprons, threads, Dutch lace and edging, ſilk ferrets, Barcelona handkerchiefs, black and white lace, blond ditto, ladies' faſhionable trimmed cloaks, hats and bonnets, Cyprus and other gauzes, knee and other garters, mens' and womens' gloves, ſilk mits, ribbons, counterpanes, Iriſh linens, oſnaburgs, quality bindings, ladies' ſtays, writing-paper, inkpowder, pins, needles, milled and common flannels, mens', womens' and boys' thread, cotton and ſilk hoſe, ſpelling-books, pocket-books, hair broom-heads, bruſhes, ſieves, table knives and forks, claſp and pen knives, raſors, ſhaping and other ſciſſors, bar-lead, ſhot, coffee-mills, ſleeve-buttons, plated ſpurs and buckles, ſpectacles, blank account books, quills, bridles, curry-combs, horſewhips, money-ſcales with weights, twiſt, ſewing ſilk, ſhirt-buttons, cottons, calicoes, coatings, &c. &c.

It is uſeleſs to ſay any thing reſpecting the terms on which theſe goods will be ſold—Whoever applies at the Poſt-Office, will find them agreeable.

Alexandria, Jan. 4, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable TRACT of LAND, lying on Aquia-Run, in Stafford County, Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia Warehouſe, about ſix miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickſburg, containing Six Thouſand Acres; it is well watered, abounding with timber, and is calculated for planting or farming.—On this land are ſeveral valuable mill-ſeats, one of which is particularly ſo.—The above will be ſold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers.—If ſold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchaſe; if in ſmall lots, only one year's credit will be given for one half, the other being paid at the time of conveyance.—For further particulars inquire of the Subſcriber oppoſite to Lower-Marlborough, in Maryland, or to Colonel BAILEY WASHINGTON, near to and adjoining the premiſes, who will ſhew the land.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

October 13, 1784.

For Sale,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick County, Virginia, containing 1100 acres, within eight miles of Winchester, on the main road from thence to Philadelphia, and within two miles of three merchant mills; there are on ſaid land, a good two-ſtory dwelling-houſe and other convenient buildings, with a good orchard and meadow, and tolerably well timbered.——— One third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, one fourth of the balance at the expiration of two years, another fourth at four years, another fourth at ſix years, and the remainder at eight years, from the day of ſale. Intereſt will be expected from the date of the bonds.—The price may be known by applying to Mr. Charles M'Donald on the premiſes, or to Mr. Nathaniel Burwell of Carter's Grove, on James-River, or to the Subſcriber in York County, near Williamſburg.

NATHANIEL BURWELL, jun.

Nov. 19, 1784.

For Sale,

A PLANTATION, within 8 miles of Winchester, containing 400 acres.—The lands are rich, level, and but very little broken with limeſtone, about 60 acres of which are cleared, and under good fences, has a large new barn, and a pretty good overſeer's houſe.—Alſo 300 acres of unimproved Land, lying about two miles from the above place.—Likewiſe three very well improved Lots in the borough of Winchester, in a very advantageous part of the town for any kind of buſineſs.—Caſh, Tobacco, or Military Certificates, will be received in payment, and the terms made known by applying to the Subſcriber. JOSEPH HOLMES.

Winchester, Nov. 25, 1784.

☞ *Alſo for ſale, a large and neat aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell for very little more than firſt coſt, for Caſh or Tobacco.* J. H.

WANTED,

As an Apprentice to a genteel Buſineſs,
Smart active Lad, who can be well recommended.—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1785.

John Murray
And
Company,

Have for Sale on the beſt Terms for Caſh or Produce of any Kind,

NEW Beef in Barrels, Molaſſes, Green Tea, Tallow Candles in Boxes, Coffee, Sugars, New-England Rum in Hogſheads, Tierces and Barrels.—Alſo a General Aſſortment of European and India GOODS, by Wholeſale or Retail.

☞ They will purchaſe Tobacco, Hemp or Flour, at ſuch a Price and give ſuch Pay as cannot fail to ſatisfy the Seller, at their Store in Fairfax-Street, oppoſite the Court-Houſe.

Alexandria, Jan. 19, 1785.

The Subſcriber has on Hand, and is ſelling on low Terms, by the large or ſmall Quantity,

A very large and general Aſſortment of Medicines,

And ſundry other Articles neceſſary for Practitioners of Phyſic and Surgery.

☞ His Medicinal Shop is now moved to the extreme Part of Cameron-ſtreet, leading from the Court-Houſe directly towards the Church, where Orders from Gentlemen of the Profeſſion and others will be ſpeedily and punctually complied with.

WILLIAM BROWN.

Alexandria, Jan. 18, 1785. §

THE Ship HAZARD,

Capt. NEW, now lying at Alexandria, will take in Tobacco conſigned to FORREST and STODDERT, London, at Seven Pounds, Sterling, per Ton.—She will ſail early in February.—The Tobacco will be inſured to receive Ten Guineas per Hogſhead in caſe of Loſs.

BENJAMIN STODDERT.

George-Town, Jan. 15, 1785.

All perſons having claims

againſt the eſtate of Mr. JOHN THORNTON, deceaſed, late of Loudon County, are deſired to make them known, that proviſion may be made for the payment thereof; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make payment to

SAMUEL LOVE, jun. *Executor.*

Loudon County, January 15, 1785.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber the 24th of Auguſt laſt, a remarkable black ſtrong-made Negro Man, named PETER, late the property of Mr. Benjamin Foreman, about 5 feet 9 inches high, about 22 years of age, but appears older, with large ſtaring eyes, ſmall legs, and has loſt four of his toes from his right foot; He had on when he went away a mixed grey great coat, tow linen ſhirt and trouſers, old ſhoes and a felt hat, but may have changed his clothes.—Whoever takes up ſaid Negro, and ſecures him in any gaol ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home.

MICHAEL M'KEWAN.

Martinſburg, Berkeley County, Dec. 27, 1784.

N. B. Said Negro was raiſed with Mr. John Werington, and formerly belonged to Mr. Alexander Catlet, near Seneca in Maryland.

Robert Lyle,

WILL Rent the Houſe and Store he now lives in, and Part of a Houſe and Store oppoſite the Printing-Office that is not quite finiſhed, for one or more Years.——He has for Sale, a few Pipes and Hogſheads of Coniac and Spaniſh Brandy, a few Cheſts of Bohea, Green and Souchong Teas, Loaf Sugar by the Hogſhead, Nails by the Caſk, and an Aſſortment of Dry-Goods too tedious to mention.

Alexandria, Jan. 19, 1785.

The Subſcriber will leaſe

out a Lot of Ground, 28 feet front on Royal-ſtreet, adjoining the north end of Mr. Richard Arell's brick houſe, and extending back eaſterly 123 feet 5 inches, being part of the late Mr. Piper's lot, rent free, on condition the leſſee erects ſuch buildings as the parties can agree on.—Thoſe who take it ſoon may have the lot for ſeven years and nine months.

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Alexandria, Jan. 3, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.

ALEX

(VOL. II.)

Williams, Ca
And
Company

Have the Pleaſure to inform their
Public in general, that they have
the May, Capt. Haſkell from
general and elegant Aſſortment
European and Eaſt-India GO
which are,

LADYS' bell hoops, pads,
oſtrich feathers, barometers,
ſpective glaſſes, printed linens, cali
lawns, muſlins, ladys' Morocco,
ſhoes, mens' ſhoes, muſtard in bottl
ſtarch and blue, threads, tapes,
kinds of hardware, among which
faſhioned plated buckles, caſtings,
dys' and gentlemens' gloves, a variet
work baſkets, ſtuff and ſilk pettico
kettles, iron pots, all kinds of worſte
tablecloths, napkins, ſmoothing-iron
and weights, and a variety of o
tedious to mention, which they intend
the moſt reaſonable terms, by whole

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1785.

Hooe and Harri

Have for Sale at their St

OSnaburgs, Ravens duck, brow
duck, Holland's ditto, white
to, Spaniſh brown, red ochre, yello
vitriol, verdigreaſe, brimſtone, ſa
glaſſes, ſheet-lead, ſheet-copper,
loglines, deepſea ditto, houſeline,
berline, ſail twine, ſeine ditto, ſhee
ſteel wire, tar, turpentine, Engliſ
cordage, anchors of different ſizes,
Hyſon, bohea and ſouchong tea, blac
gle refined and double refined ſugar,
gin in caſes, muſkets, butter pots,
queen's china, glaſs ware, delf bo
ſhort pipes, violins, looking-glaſſes,
penters' and joiners' tools, ſcythes,
blankets, flannels, hats, cotton
and worſted ditto, diaper napki
lawns, check ſhirts, gauze handkerch
in bottles, &c.

Alexandria, Jan. 26, 1785.

Daniel and Iſaac M
ſon,

Have for Sale,

WEST-INDIA and New-Engla
laſſes, brown ſugar, ſalt, ſail-
brown rolls, dowlas, fine and coar
womens' ſhoes by the box or dozen,
the box, paints, gunpowder, ſpades,
and fine hats, black pepper, ſoap an
the box, with many other articles of
hardware, all of which they will ſel
ble terms for Caſh or Country Produc

Alexandria, Jan. 25, 1785.

TO BE SO

A Stout ſtrong hearty young NE
who is well acquainted with all
try buſineſs, is a good pit ſawyer, has
ſmith's ſhop, and has ſome knowledg
neſs; he is, perhaps, one of the be
grubbers in the State, and can hew
broad-ax; to any perſon moving to a
this fellow would be extremely valu
of EDWARD

Alexandria, Jan. 26, 1785.

N. B. His wife is alſo for ſale, wh
ſtrong willing Wench, well acquainte
tion or houſe work.—Inquire as above